V. A Letter from Mr. Triewald, Director of Mechanicks to the King of Sweden, and F. R. SS. of England and Sweden, to Sir Hans Sloane, Bart. Pres. R. S. relating to an extraordinary Instance of the almost instantaneous freezing of Water; and giving an Account of Tulips, and such bulbous Plants, flowering much sooner when their Bulbs are placed upon Bottles filled with Water, as in TAB. II. than when planted in the Ground.

Most honoured SIR,

HAVE at present to communicate to you a some-what strange Accident, which produced as unexpected a Phænomenon. The 15th of December last coming into the Hall, where my Apparatus is placed, in the Palace of the Nobility at Stockholm, the Weather being very cold, I feared that the Glass for shewing the Experiment with the Cartefian Devils (or those glass Figures in Water, which by the Pressure of the Air on the Surface of the Water, are made to change their Places, and fink to the Bottom of the Glass) would be in Danger, if the Water should freeze in the same. I took it down from the Shelf, and was well pleased to see the Water in a fluid State; but before I would empty the Glass, as some Friends that were present had not seen that Experiment, I placed my Hand on the Bladder tied on the Top of this Cylindrical Glass, which was of a pretty large Size, sixteen **Inches**

Inches high, and three Inches and a half Diameter, containing three glass Figures: In that very Instant, and in the Space of a Second of Time, I found all the Water changed into Ice; when in that Time two of the Figures had reached very near the Bottom, but the third, as well as they, fixed in the Middle of the Glass, surrounded with Ice as transparent as the Water itself before it congealed. This is, in a few Words, the Matter of Fact; but the Reason why the whole Body of Water, in such a short Space of Time, should turn into Ice, is, in my humble Opinion, not so easily to be accounted for; and rather than offer any Solution of mine, shall leave the same to that ingenious Gentleman Dr. Desaguliers.

In September last I placed some Leeks of Tulips, and other Flowers, after such a manner in Water as the Figures in T A B. II. represent; at which Time I put into each Glass two Grains of Saltpetre. These Glasses I kept in my Study, sometimes on a Shelf, at other times before the Window. In a Fortnight's Time I begun to find that they struck new Roots; the latter End of November they put forth Leaves, and in January they all slowered, as well as if they had been on a Garden-bed; whereas in Gardens we seldom see, in this Country, Tulips before the latter End of May, and this Year scarce so soon, the Ground being yet covered with Abundance of Ice and Snow.

Though these Experiments seem to be calculated for nothing but Delight, yet I think they have furnished me with some Lights, as to the Rise of the Sap in Plants, which I will forbear mentioning till the

(81)

the next Winter gives me an Opportunity of reiterating those and some other Experiments.

I am, with the highest Esteem and Respect,

Most Honoured SIR,

Stockholm, April the 4th, 1730.

Your most Obedient and most Humble Servant,

FR. TRIEWALD.

VI. An Account of some Experiments, relating to the Flowering of Tulips, Narcissus, &c. in Winter, by placing their Bulbs upon Glasses of Water, made by Mons. Triewald, Director of Mechanicks at Stockholm, and F.R.SS. of England and Sweden, and read before the Royal Society May the 7th, 1730, as they were tried the next Season by Philip Miller, F.R.S. Gardiner to the worshipful Company of Apothecaries, at their Botanick Garden in Chelsea.

HE Glasses marked Numb. 1, were Roots of a Hyacinth, commonly known by the Name of Pulchra. Numb. 2. were Roots of the common Oriental blue Hyacinth. The Flowers of these were not



